



BW

BPW ORIGINAL SPARE PARTS

GW

BPW Original spare parts • W / BW / GW suspensions

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Valid: 1.10.2005

This spare parts list shows fast moving parts for BPW suspensions series W / BW / GW.

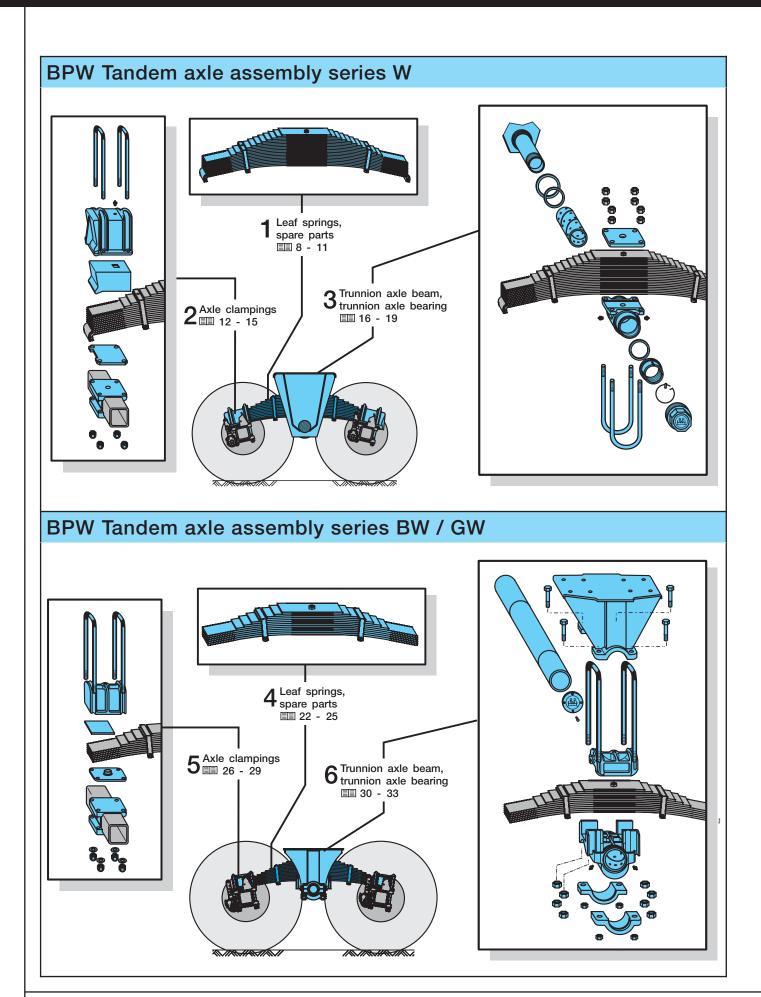
For further spare parts see BPW spare parts catalogue and / or spare parts lists of the corresponding single axles without bogie parts.



e -parts are embossed with BPW Code no.

Subject to change (without notice).





Explanation of BPW suspension type codes (extract)

	$\overline{}$									1				
EH	Z	F	D	Н	W	2 /	12010	В	ECO					
										Trailer axle	Brake	Tyre size		
EH										EH	SN 420	20" - 24"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
H a.o.										H	SN 420	20" - 24"	-	
										Further axle types see BPW type designations For single wheels, wheels without offset				
	S									For twin whe		s without on	SET	
	1									Wheel spiders for TRILEX wheel rims, single wheels				
	ı IZ									Wheel spiders for TRILEX wheel rims, single wheels Wheel spiders for TRILEX wheel rims, twin wheels				
L	12	F								Wheel studs M 22 x 1.5 without wheel nuts,				
													ignment separately	
		М								For spigot ali	gnment			
	-		D							German "Dau	erbremse" a	pproval StV	ZO regulation 41 para 15	
				Н						For hanging b	oosters			
			•							Suspension s	eries			
					W								vith two leaf springs and	
										1		-	r high mounting bracket	
					BW					between the leaf springs, with bronze bushes BW Tandem axle assembly, rigid, with two leaf springs a				
										support axle, bearing blocks above the leaf springs with bronze bushes				
					GW					GW Tandem axle assembly, rigid, with two leaf springs			rith two leaf springs and	
													bove the leaf springs,	
						2 /				with rubber bushes				
						21	8010			Tandem axle	•	of whool of	ido nos biib	
							to 20010			Axle load (kg) + quantity	or wheer sit	ias per nub	
								В		Version index	В	Exec. for h	arshest conditions	
								С			С	Exec. for s	treet conditions	
								-1			-1	Type of hul	b bearings (14 tons)	
								-20			-20	Axle beam	wall thickness (eg. 20 mm)	
								7/8 IN			7/8 IN	Type of wh	eels studs	
									ECO	Single axle w	ith BPW EC	O hub syste	m	
									ECO-MAXX	Weight-optim	ized ECO-a	xle built as f	rom 1997	
									ECO ^{Plus}	Weight-optim	ized axle w	ith BPW ECC) ^{Plus} hub system	
									MAXX			th conventio		



Explanation of BPW code numbers (extract)

Examp	le:						
32.	14.	743.	000				
		•		1. + 2. digit			
22.				Tandem axle assembly			
32.							
				3. + 4. digit			
				Axle load	Axle series	Roller bearings	Hub bearing system
	08. 09.			8000 - 9000 kg	Н	33116 / 32310	
	10.			10000 - 12000 kg	Н	33118 / 32313	
	14.			13000 - 14000 kg	Н	32219 / 33215	
	16.			16000 - 18000 kg	Н	32222 / 33214	
	20.			20000 kg	Н	32224 / 32316	
	72.			12000 kg		32222 / 32314 32219 / 33215 33118 / 33213	
	73.			13000 / 14000 kg	EH 13000-1 EH 14000-1	32219 / 33215	Conventional hub bearing system
	74.			14000 kg	EH 14000	32222 / 32314	
	76.			9000 kg	EH 9000	33215 / 32310	
	80.			11000 kg	EH 11000	33217 / 33213	
	85.			8000 kg	EH 8000	33215 / 32310	
	86.			10000 kg	EH 10000	33217 / 33213	
	86.			20000 kg	EH 20000	32224 / 32316	
	89.			16000 kg	EH 16000	32222 / 32314	
	38.			8000 - 9000 kg	Н	33116 / 32310	
	40.			10000 - 12000 kg	Н	33118 / 33213	ECO hub bearing system
	44.			13000 - 14000 kg	Н	32219 / 33215	
	48.			8000 - 9000 kg	Н	33118 / 33213	ECO ^{Plus} hub bearing system
	50.			10000 - 12000 kg	Н	33118 / 33213	ECO: 400 Hub bearing system
				5 7. digit			
		501. to 839.		Designation of wheel bra For explanation of code			
				8 10. digit			
			000	Consecutive number 000	999		

General

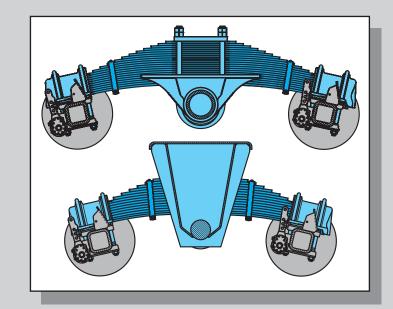
BPW W-units for tropical and arctic off-road applications.

For transporting robust goods on roads, off-road and on construction sites.

W-units designed by BPW for tandem axles are extremely well suited to use under even the harshest conditions.

Whether on or off-road, on construction sites, in the arctic or in the tropics – these robust and long-lasting multiple leaf spring suspension systems ensure reliable goods transport.

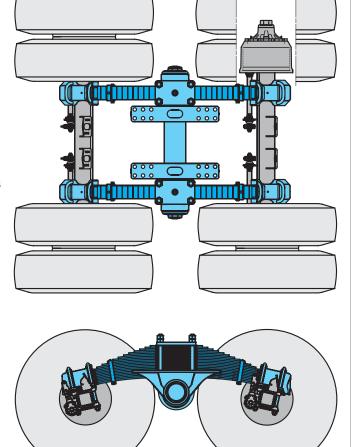
They operate purely mechanically. For example, they can easily be repaired even if the infrastructure is underdeveloped.

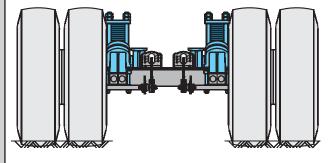


Description

BPW W-unit with low mounting brackets.

- For axle loads from 2 x 8 t to 2 x 20 t
- Delivered as ready-to-fit, completely assembled unit
- Proven for many years in harsh off-road and tipper applications
- Constructed with a high level of lateral stability
- Equipped with robust and long-life multi-leaf springs
- Very long axle load equalization distances
- Not sensitive to semitrailer tilt
- Insensitive to heat, cold and dirt
- High-quality mounting of the trunnion axle in bronze bushes
- Simple installation to the vehicle frame using bolt connection







Function

layers.

with high axle loads under difficult operating conditions, choose leaf-sprung tandem axle units with an intermediate pivoting trunnion axle for holding the frame connecting pieces. The spring packs are extremely sturdy and comprise several spring steel layers. They are mounted in swinging bearings on the trunnion axle using bronze bushes. The axles are clamped onto the spring ends and are controlled by the offset main spring

Whenever you need the ruggedness to cope

An even distribution of tension across the length of the spring is achieved thanks to the use of spring layers with different lengths.

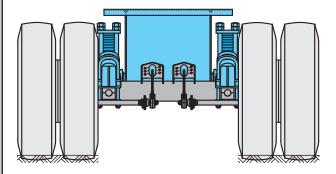
This produces a trapezoidal shape in the side view, which explains why the arrangement is also referred to as a trapezoidal spring.

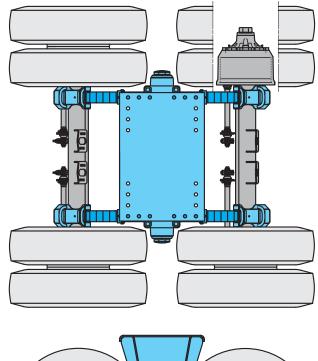
Two low supports between the springs are used for attachment below the vehicle, or a tall central block provides for direct mounting on the vehicle frame.

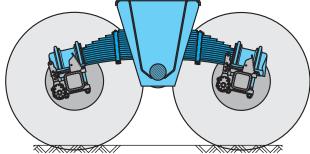
Description

BPW W-unit with tall bearing blocks.

- For axle loads from 2 x 8 t to 2 x 20 t
- Delivered as ready-to-fit, completely assembled unit
- Proven for many years in harsh off-road and tipper applications
- Constructed with a high level of lateral stability
- Equipped with robust and long-life multi-leaf springs
- Very long axle load equalization distances
- Not sensitive to semitrailer tilt
- Insensitive to heat, cold and dirt
- High-quality mounting of the trunnion axle in bronze bushes
- Simple installation to the vehicle frame using bolt connection







1 Leaf springs for W suspensions

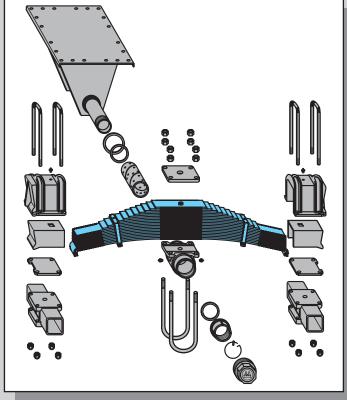
General

BPW W-units are equipped with multi-leaf springs.

Multi-leaf springs (trapezoidal springs) contain a stack of spring layers with different cross-sections and graded lengths to give a trapezoidal shape.

They are characterised by their robustness and good default driving properties as well as the ease of replacing individual spring layers.

The spring ends of the leaf springs are connected to the axles with spring U-bolts.



As a load-bearing component of the suspension unit, the leaf spring requires particular attention. The following instructions should be carefully adhered to during repair and maintenance work:

- Do not work on leaf springs with a hammer or any sharp objects.
- Do not work on leaf springs with cutters or grinders.
 In the event that replacement springs or leaves do not fit exactly into the seat of the spring pads or spring housing, the

mounting seat must always be widened.

Individual leaves can be replaced in multi-leaf springs.

Important for all welding work!

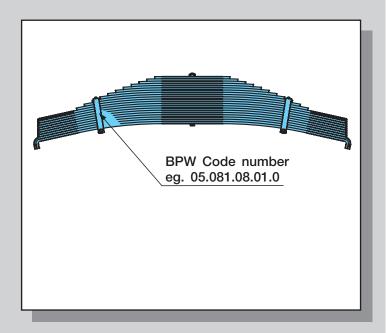
The leaf springs, plastic pipings and other sensitive parts should be protected against sparks and weld splashes during all welding work. The earth terminal must under no circumstances be attached to the leaf spring or hub.



Leaf springs for W suspensions

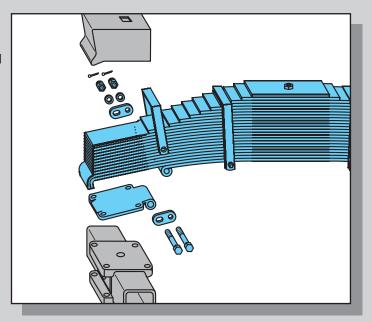
BPW Code number

The BPW code number of the leaf spring is stamped into the spring shackle.



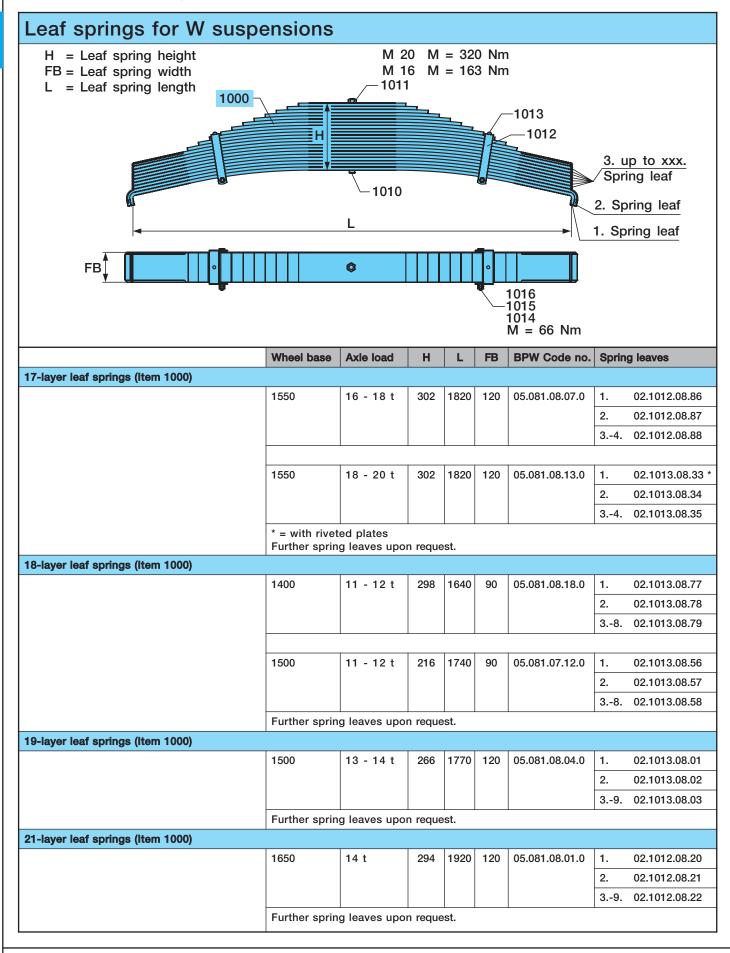
Leaf springs with safety catch

With a catch device, the lowest layer of the leaf springs is rolled in at the ends and is connected at the axle connection using shackles and bolts as well as an additional spring clamp.



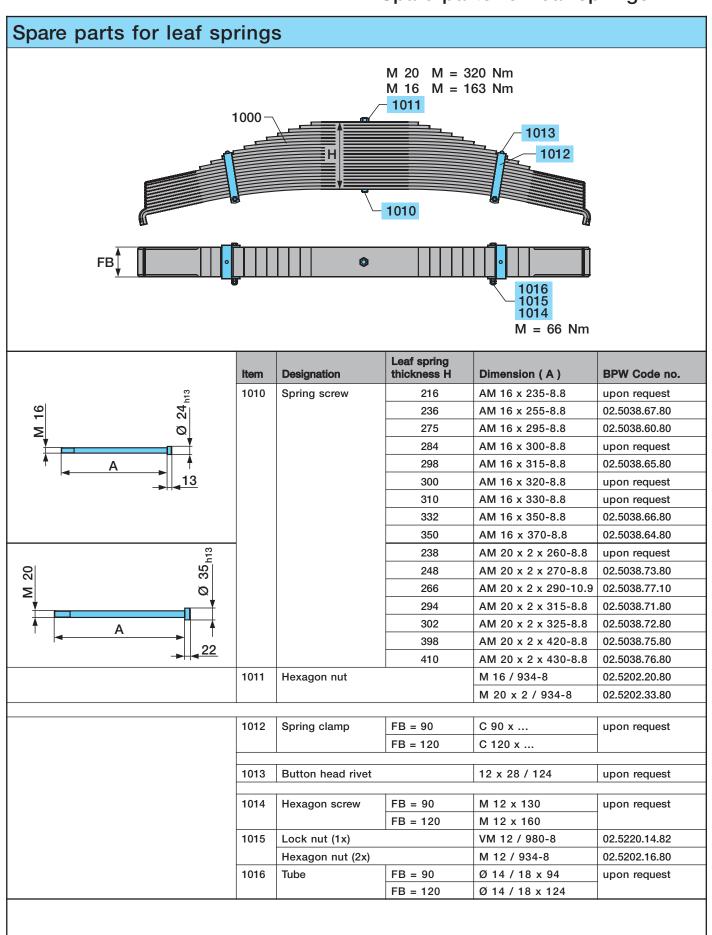
Further information, along with installation and safety instructions, can be found in our current workshop manuals.

1.1 Leaf springs for W suspensions





Spare parts for leaf springs 1.2



2 Axle clampings

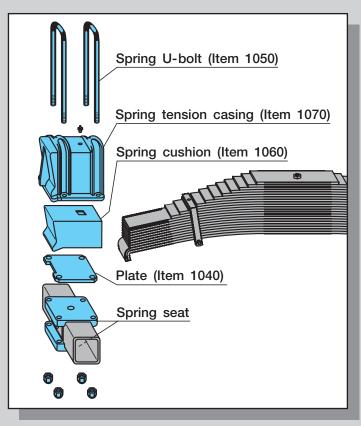
General

Axle - leaf spring connection

The axle is connected to the leaf spring using the axle connection comprising: spring U-bolts, spring housing, spring cushions, spring pads, etc.

The (rubber) spring cushion inserted in the spring housing prevents vibration and helps to cushion shocks.

The bent-over spring ends are located in the recess in the plates (no. 1040) arranged on the spring pads. In many leaf springs, these plates are riveted onto the lowest spring layer.



Axle alignment

After repairs have been carried out on the axle beam, connecting piece, connecting rods etc., the axle alignment must be checked and if necessary corrected.

Determine the diagonal dimensions A - B and A - C for the centre axle (reference axle) by means of comparative measurements (± 2 mm tolerance).

Check and if necessary correct the wheel base dimensions **B** - **D** and **C** - **E** for the rear axle (max. tolerance ± 2 mm).

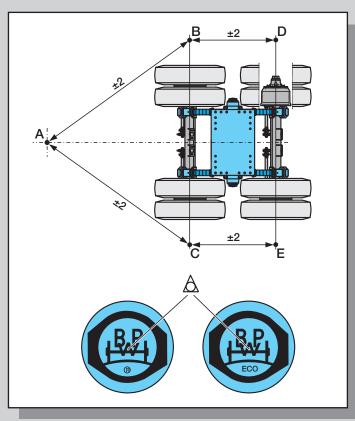
In case of deviations, the parallel arrangement of the axles must be achieved by welding on the upper spring pads.

Measurement is generally carried out by means of the hub cap centre point (see illustration) or the centring hole in the axle stub.

It can also be carried out using screwed-on graduated tubes.

Hub cap centre point in the BPW logo.

The triangle (\triangle) in the BPW logo is positioned centrally if there is an \otimes or ECO (ECO^{Plus}) stamped below the BPW logo (since 1989/1994).



W



Axle clampings

Welding guidelines for axle beams.

When fitting or repairing trailer axles it may be necessary to weld components onto the axle beam.

For that reason BPW axles are made of materials that can be welded. The axle beams do not have to be pre-heated before welding. The carrying capacity and faultless operation of BPW axles are not impaired by welding,

Welding process

- Inert gas-shielded arc welding
 Welding wire quality G 42 0 (DIN EN 440)
- Manual arc welding
 Stick electrodes E 42 2 (DIN EN 499)

if the following points are complied with.

Mechanical quality values must correspond to the basic material ST 52-3.

Max. weld thickness a 5 \(\subseteq \) (DIN EN 25817)

Avoid end craters and undercuts.

Miscellaneous

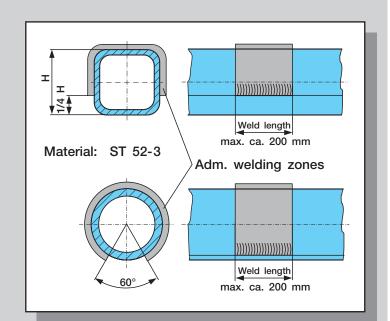
No unauthorised change to the camber angle of the axle.

Adherence to the welding zones and weld lengths as shown in the adjacent sketch.

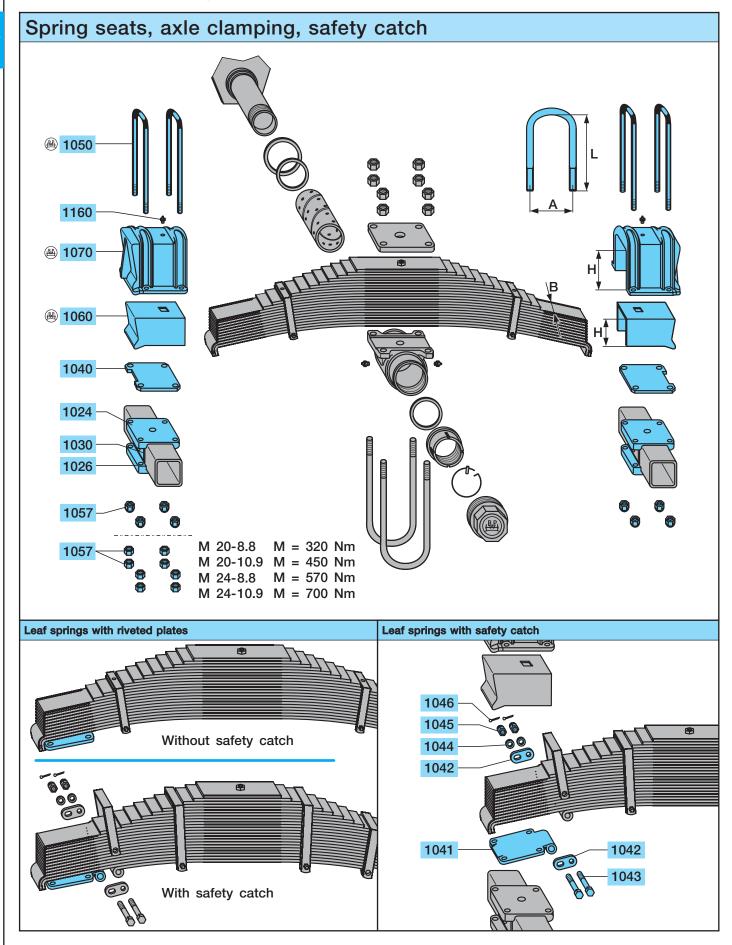
Warning: No welding must be carried out in the lower tensile zone of the axle beam!

Important for all welding work!

The leaf springs, plastic pipings and other sensitive parts should be protected against sparks and weld splashes during all welding work. The earth terminal must under no circumstances be attached to the leaf spring or hub.



2.1 Axle clampings





Axle clampings 2.1

Spi	Spring seats									
Item	Designation (Remark)	BPW Code no.	3PW Code no.							
		• •			Leaf spring width (B) = 120 mm					
		8 - 12 t	8 - 9 t	10 - 12 t	10 - 20 t					
		Ø 127	□ 120	□ 150	□ 150					
1024	Spring seat, upper	03.032.38.65.0 4x	03.032.17.63.0 2x	03.032.19.24.0 2x	03.032.19.32.0 2x					
1026	Spring seat, lower	-	03.032.17.06.0 2x	03.032.19.23.0 2x	03.032.19.34.0 2x					
1030	Shaped plate	-	03.161.64.06.0	03.161.64.07.0	03.161.64.05.0					

AxI	le clamping					
Item	Designation	Dimension	BPW Code no.			
			8 - 10 t	10 - 12 t	12 - 20 t	
			B = 90	B = 90	B = 120	
1040	Plate	200 x 180 x 12	03.285.76.07.0			
		224 x 200 x 12		03.281.76.03.0 *		
		240 x 234 x 12			03.285.76.01.0	
1050	Spring U-bolt	M 20 / A 133 / L 332	03.138.34.02.0			
		M 20 / A 133 / L 346	03.138.34.03.0			
		M 20 / A 152 / L 405	03.138.37.01.0			
		M 24 / A 152 / L 415		03.138.41.29.4 1)		
		M 24 / A 192 / L 415			03.138.42.01.4 1)	
1057	Hexagon nut (32x)	M 20-10.9 / 934	02.5202.24.10			
		M 24-10.9 / 934		02.5202.30.10	02.5202.30.10	
	Lock nut (16x)	VM 24-10.9 / 980		02.5220.74.12	02.5220.74.12	
1060	Spring cushion	H = 103	03.140.14.02.0			
		H = 151	03.140.14.01.0	03.140.14.01.0		
		H = 147			03.140.16.01.0	
1070	Spring tension casing	H = 106	03.146.03.02.0			
		H = 155	03.146.03.06.0	03.146.06.06.0		
		H = 151			03.146.06.05.0	
1160	Grease nipple	AS 10 x 1		02.6850.06.02		

^{*} Not with leaf springs with riveted plates

¹⁾ Important! Use short spring U-bolts, only locknuts (02.5220.74.12)

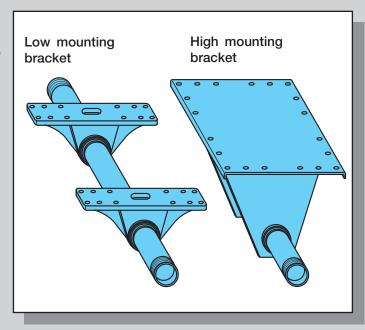
Item	Designation	Dimension	BPW Code no.		
Leaf s	springs with safety catch	ı		B = 90	
1041	Locking plate			03.351.00.07.0	
1042	Shackle			03.232.74.02.0	
1043	Hexagon screw	M 20 x 160		02.5023.09.82	
1044	Washer	20 / 1440		02.5407.20.01	
1045	Castle nut	M 20 / 937		02.5207.18.04	
1046	Splint	4 x 36 / 94		02.6201.44.01	

3 Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing

General

Trunnion axle beam

The trunnion axle consists of a thick-walled tube to which are attached two low supports for attachment below the vehicle, or a tall central block between the springs provides for direct mounting to the vehicle frame.

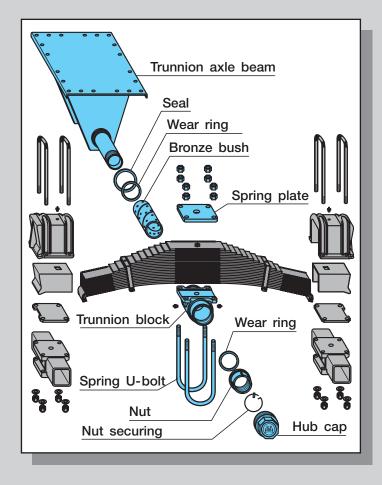


Trunnion axle - leaf spring connection

The leaf spring axle is connected to the trunnion axle beam using the **trunnion axle connection** comprising: spring U-bolts, mounting brackets, spring plates, etc.

The generously sized bronze bushes in the mounting brackets ensure a low-maintenance, long-lasting mounting.

Grease nipples attached to the mounting brackets permit straightforward greasing of the bearing points.



W



Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing

Trunnion axle bearing

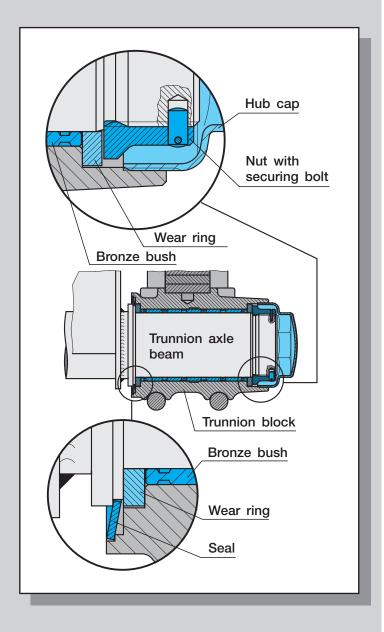
The axle support bearing consists of bronze bushes equipped with lubrication holes and ducts.

A sealing ring on the side facing the middle of the vehicle prevents dirt and dust from penetrating.

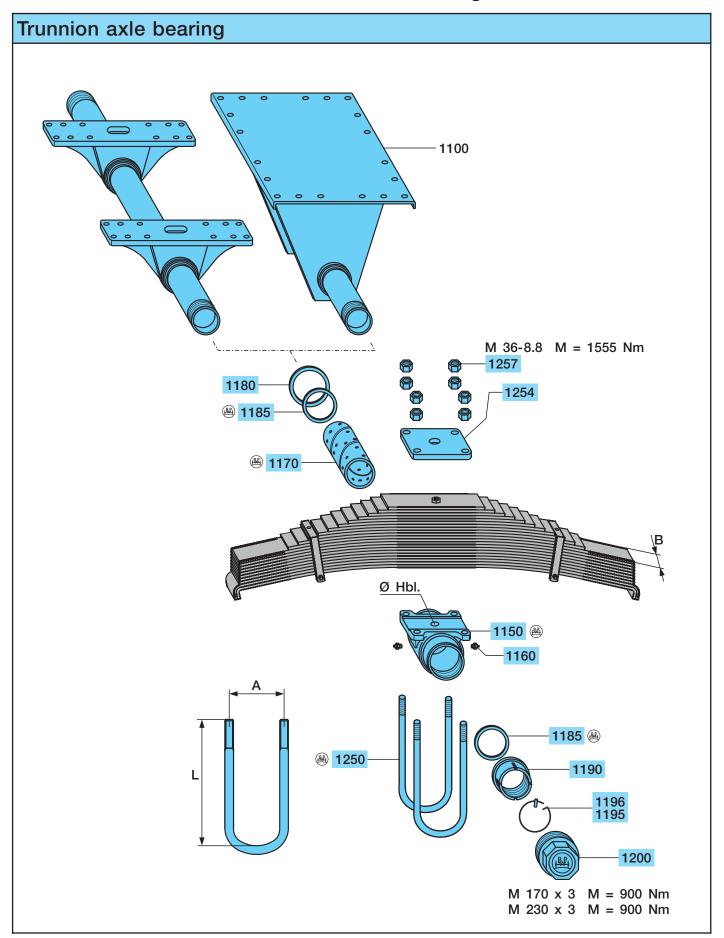
On the side facing the outside of the vehicle, a screwed-in hub cap prevents foreign bodies from penetrating.

If necessary, the closing rings and bronze bushes can be changed in a straightforward procedure.

The slotted nuts bolted onto the ends of the trunnion axle beam are secured with hooked spring rings and pins to prevent them coming loose.



3.1 Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing





Trunnion axle beam, Trunnion axle bearing 3.1

tem	Designation	Dimension	BPW Code no.			
			8 - 12 t B = 90	(12 t) 14 t (16 t) B = 120	16 - 20 t B = 120	
100	Trunnion axle beam			nnion axle beam please and BPW code-no. (name		
150	Trunnion block	Ø 145 / Hbl. Ø 24	03.224.17.01.1			
		Ø 200 / Hbl. Ø 24		03.224.19.02.1		
		Ø 200 / Hbl. Ø 35			03.224.19.03.	
160	Grease nipple	AS 10 x 1		02.6850.06.02		
170	Bush	Ø 130 / 145 x 214	03.112.99.02.0			
		Ø 185 / 200 x 243		03.1	12.99.04.0	
180	Ring	Ø 160 / 196 x 3.5	03.310.88.03.0			
		Ø 214 / 250 x 3.5		03.3	310.89.08.0	
185	Ring	Ø 130 / 165 x 10	03.310.38.01.0			
		Ø 185 / 220 x 10		03.3	310.39.02.0	
190	Nut	M 125 x 4	03.264.19.02.0			
		M 180 x 4		03.2	264.19.03.0	
195	Spring ring	Ø 119 x 3.2	03.188.06.04.0			
	. •	Ø 159 x 3.2		03.1	88.07.04.0	
196	Bolt	Ø 10 x 20		03.084.72.01.0		
200	Hub cap	M 170 x 3 / SW 130	03.212.26.06.0			
	·	M 230 x 3 / SW 120		03.2	212.27.01.0	
250	Spring U-bolt	M 36 / A 233 / L 498	03.138.60.02.0			
	3	M 36 / A 233 / L 520	03.138.60.07.0			
		M 36 / A 233 / L 558	03.138.60.03.0			
		M 36 / A 233 / L 568	03.138.60.11.0			
		M 36 / A 233 / L 585	03.138.60.04.0			
		M 36 / A 233 / L 600	03.138.60.10.0			
		M 36 / A 233 / L 625	03.138.60.12.0			
		M 36 / A 290 / L 590		03.1	38.61.05.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 613		03.1	38.61.01.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 627		03.1	38.61.04.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 649		03.1	38.61.02.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 670		03.1	38.61.07.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 725			38.61.08.0	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 765			38.61.06.1	
		M 36 / A 290 / L 780		03.1	38.61.09.0	
254	Plate	190 x 296 x 25	03.281.97.10.0	-	-	
		220 x 356 x 30	-	03.281.97.12.0	-	
		220 x 356 x 50	-	-	03.280.97.06.	
257	Hexagon nut (16x)	M 36 / 934-8		02.5202.44.80		

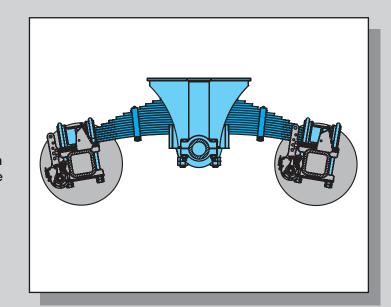
General

BPW BW and GW-units for medium-duty off-road applications.

For transporting robust goods on roads, off-road and on construction sites.

BW and GW-units designed by BPW for tandem axles are extremely well suited to use under medium-duty conditions. Whether on-road, off-road or on construction sites – these robust and long-lasting multiple leaf spring suspension systems ensure reliable goods transport.

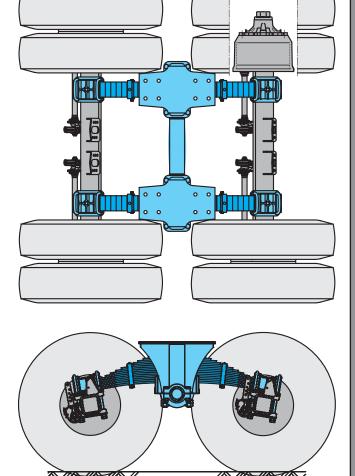
They operate purely mechanically. For example, they can easily be repaired even if the infrastructure is underdeveloped.

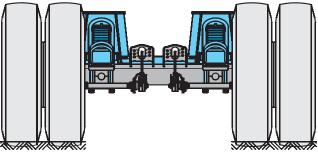


Description

BPW BW-unit (with bronze bushes)

- For axle loads from 2 x 8 t to 2 x 12 t
- Delivered as ready-to-fit, completely assembled unit
- Proven for many years in off-road and tipper applications
- Constructed with a high level of lateral stability
- Equipped with robust and long-life multi-leaf springs
- Very long axle load equalization distances
- Not sensitive to semitrailer tilt
- Insensitive to heat, cold and dirt
- High-quality mounting of the trunnion axle in bronze bushes
- Simple installation to the vehicle frame using bolt connection







Function

Whenever you need to cope with high axle loads under difficult operating conditions, choose leaf-sprung tandem axle units with an intermediate pivoting trunnion axle for holding the frame connecting pieces.

The spring packs are extremely sturdy and comprise several spring steel layers.

They are mounted in swinging bearings on the trunnion axle using bronze or rubber bushes.

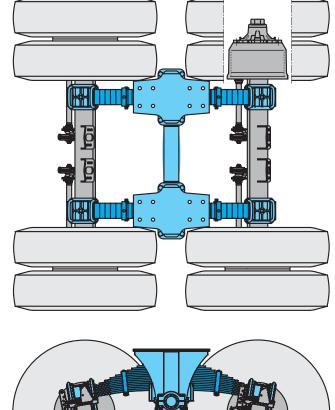
The axles are clamped onto the spring ends and are controlled by the main spring layers.

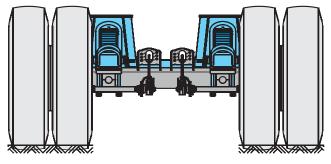
An even distribution of tension across the length of the spring is achieved thanks to the use of spring layers with different lengths. This produces a trapezoidal shape in the side view, which explains why the arrangement is also referred to as a trapezoidal spring. Two tall blocks for direct mounting on the vehicle frame are used for attachment under the vehicle.

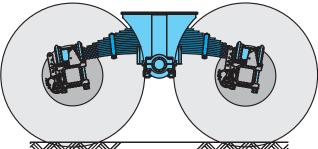
Description

BPW GW-unit (with rubber bushes)

- For axle loads from 2 x 8 t to 2 x 10 t
- Delivered as ready-to-fit, completely assembled unit
- Proven for many years in off-road and tipper applications
- Constructed with a high level of lateral stability
- Equipped with robust and long-life multi-leaf springs
- Very long axle load equalization distances
- Not sensitive to semitrailer tilt
- Insensitive to heat, cold and dirt
- Low-maintenance mounting of the trunnion axle in rubber bushes
- Simple installation to the vehicle frame using bolt connection







4 Leaf springs for BW / GW suspensions

General

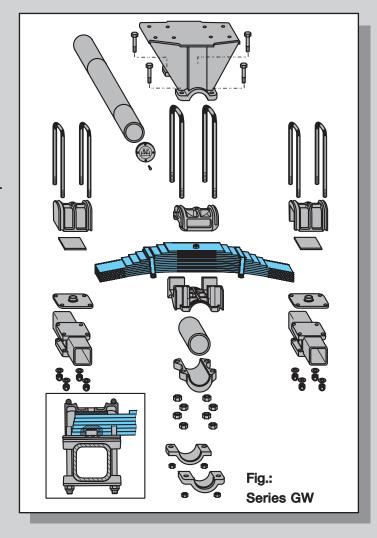
BPW BW and GW-units are equipped with multi-leaf springs.

Multi-leaf springs (trapezoidal springs) contain a stack of spring layers with different crosssections and graded lengths to give a trapezoidal shape.

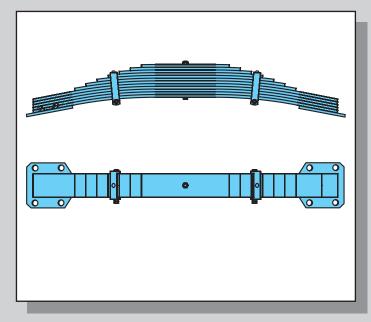
They are characterised by their robustness and good default driving properties as well as the ease of replacing individual spring layers.

The spring ends of the leaf springs are connected to the axles with spring U-bolts.

The pins of the upper spring pads project into the two lower, drilled spring layers.



In many leaf springs, plates are riveted onto the lower spring layers.

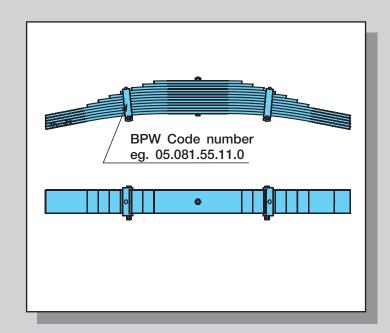




Leaf springs for BW / GW suspensions

BPW Code number

The BPW code number of the leaf spring is stamped into the spring shackle.



As a load-bearing component of the suspension unit, the leaf spring requires particular attention. The following instructions should be carefully adhered to during repair and maintenance work:

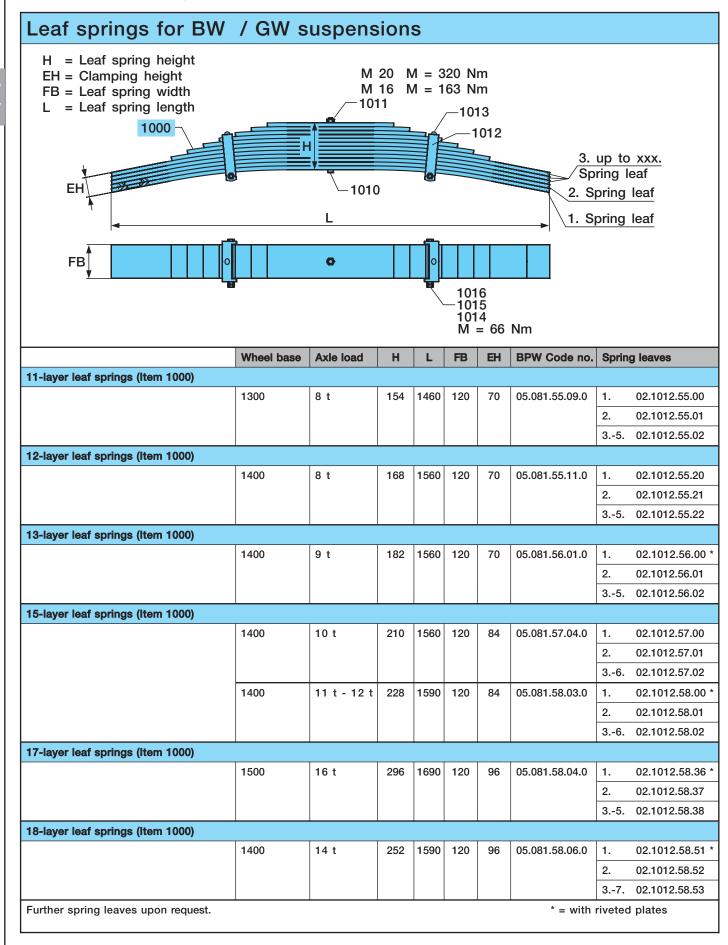
- Do not work on leaf springs with a hammer or any sharp objects.
- Do not work on leaf springs with cutters or grinders.
 In the event that replacement springs or leaves do not fit exactly into the seat of the spring pads or spring housing, the mounting seat must always be widened.
- Individual leaves can be replaced in multi-leaf springs.

Important for all welding work!

The leaf springs, plastic pipings and other sensitive parts should be protected against sparks and weld splashes during all welding work. The earth terminal must under no circumstances be attached to the leaf spring or hub.

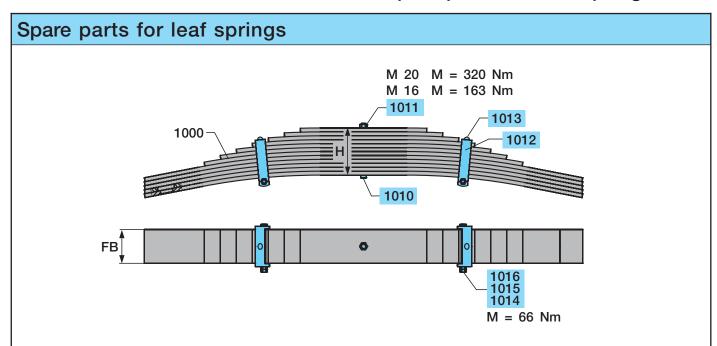
Further information, along with installation and safety instructions, can be found in our current workshop manuals.

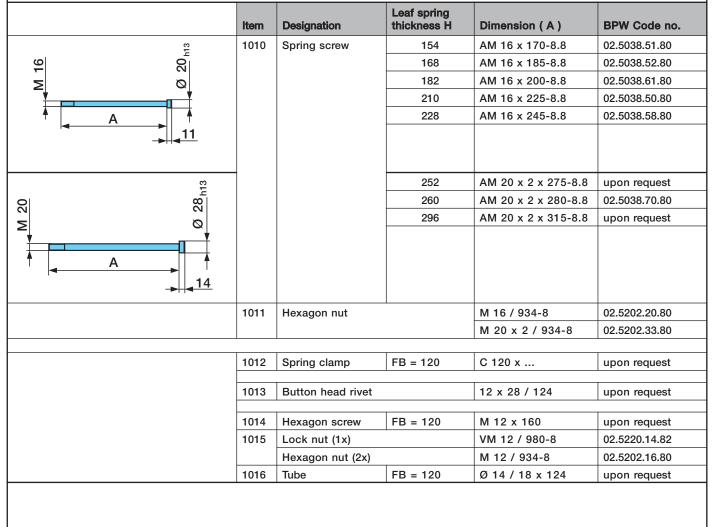
4.1 Leaf springs for BW / GW suspensions





Spare parts for leaf springs 4.2





5 Axle clampings

General

Axle - leaf spring connection

The axle is connected to the leaf spring using the axle connection comprising: spring U-bolts, spring housing, spring pads, etc.

The (rubber) plate inserted in the spring housing prevents vibration and helps to cushion shocks.

A pin on the top spring pad projects into the two lower drilled spring layers and ensures a secure axle connection.

Spring U-bolt (Item 1050) Spring tension casing (Item 1070) Plate (Rubber) (Item 1040) Spring seat with peg (Item 1028) Spring seat

Axle alignment

After repairs have been carried out on the axle beam, trunnion axle, etc., the axle alignment must be checked and if necessary corrected.

Determine the diagonal dimensions A - B and A - C for the centre axle (reference axle) by means of comparative measurements (± 2 mm tolerance).

Check and if necessary correct the wheel base dimensions **B** - **D** and **C** - **E** for the rear axle (max. tolerance ± 2 mm).

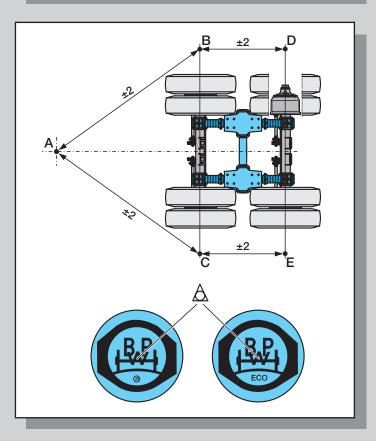
In case of deviations, the parallel arrangement of the axles must be achieved by aligning and then welding the pin plates (no. 1028) onto the upper spring pads.

Measurement is generally carried out by means of the hub cap centre point (see illustration) or the centring hole in the axle stub.

It can also be carried out using screwed-on graduated tubes.

Hub cap centre point in the BPW logo.

The triangle (\triangle) in the BPW logo is positioned centrally if there is an \otimes or ECO (ECO^{Plus}) stamped below the BPW logo (since 1989/1994).



(BP)

Welding guidelines for axle beams.

When fitting or repairing trailer axles it may be necessary to weld components onto the axle beam.

For that reason BPW axles are made of materials that can be welded. The axle beams do not have to be pre-heated before welding. The carrying capacity and faultless operation of BPW axles are not impaired by welding, if the following points are complied with.

Welding process

- Inert gas-shielded arc welding
 Welding wire quality G 42 0 (DIN EN 440)
- Manual arc welding
 Stick electrodes E 42 2 (DIN EN 499)

Mechanical quality values must correspond to the basic material ST 52-3.

Max. weld thickness a 5 \(\subseteq \) (DIN EN 25817)

Avoid end craters and undercuts.

Miscellaneous

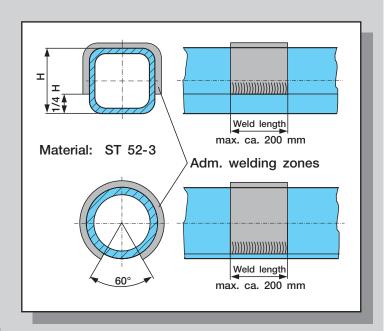
No unauthorised change to the camber angle of the axle.

Adherence to the welding zones and weld lengths as shown in the adjacent sketch.

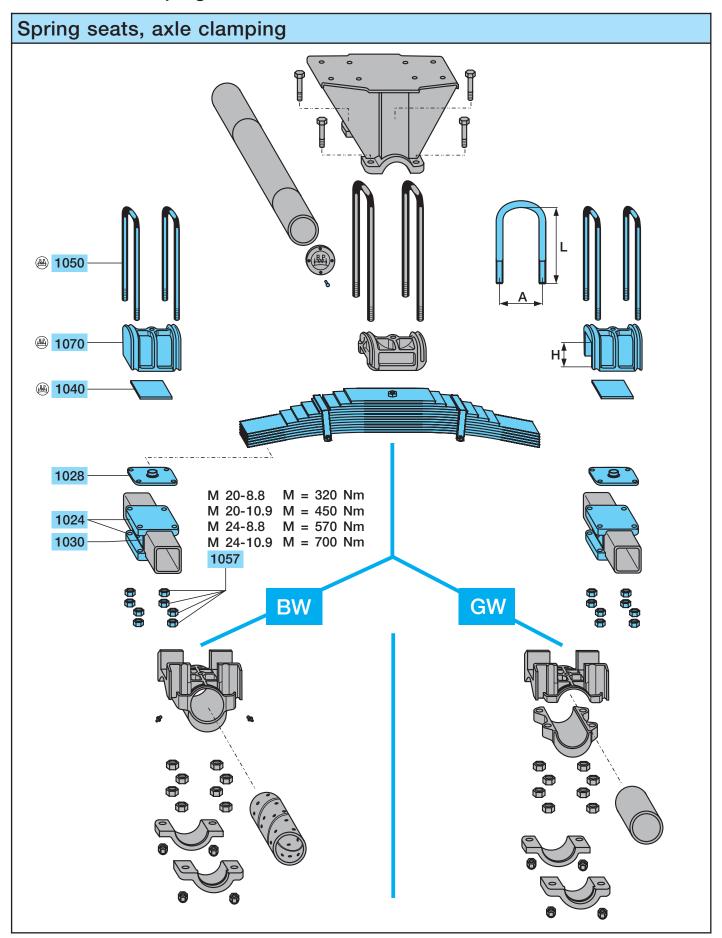
Warning: No welding must be carried out in the lower tensile zone of the axle beam!

Important for all welding work!

The leaf springs, plastic pipings and other sensitive parts should be protected against sparks and weld splashes during all welding work. The earth terminal must under no circumstances be attached to the leaf spring or hub.



5.1 Axle clampings





Axle clampings 5.1

Spi	Spring seats									
Item	Designation (Remark)	BPW Code no.								
		Leaf spring width (B) = 120 mm								
		8 - 12 t Ø 127	8 - 10 t □ 120	9 - 12 t □ 150	13 - 20 t □ 150					
1024	Spring seat	03.032.38.09.0 4x	03.032.17.76.0 4x	03.032.19.22.0 4x	03.032.19.82.0 2x					
1026	Spring seat	-	-	-	03.032.19.83.0 2x					
1028	Spring seat with peg	03.032.17.77.0 2x	03.032.17.77.0 2x	03.032.19.27.0 2x	03.032.19.84.0 2x					
1030	Shaped plate	-	03.161.64.06.0 4x	03.161.64.07.0 4x	03.161.64.07.0 4x					

ltem	Designation	Dimension	BPW Code no.		
			8 - 10 t	9 - 12 t	13 - 20 t
			□ 120 / Ø 127	□ 150	□ 150
1040	Plate	115 x 130 x 16		03.289.85.01.0	
1050	Spring U-bolt	M 20 / A 160 / L 310	03.138.35.02.0		
		M 20 / A 160 / L 330	03.138.35.09.0		
		M 20 / A 160 / L 360		03.138.35.10.0	
		M 24 / A 192 / L 415			03.138.43.05.0 1)
1057	Hexagon nut (32x)	M 20-10.9 / 934	02.5202.24.10	'	
		M 24-10.9 / 934			02.5202.30.10
	Lock nut (16x)	VM 20-10.9 / 980	02.5220.50.12		
		VM 24-10.9 / 980			02.5220.74.12
1070	Spring tension casing	H = 81	03.146.12.03.0	03.146.12.11.0	
		H = 95		03.146.12.07.0	
		H = 107			03.146.13.01.0

^{*} Not with leaf springs with riveted plates

¹⁾ Important! Use short spring U-bolts, only lock nuts (02.5220.74.12)

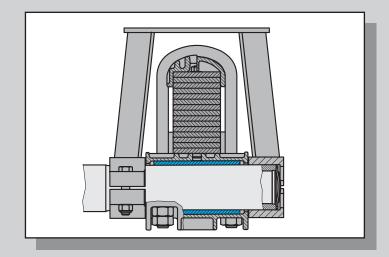
6 Trunnion axle beams, trunnion axle bearing

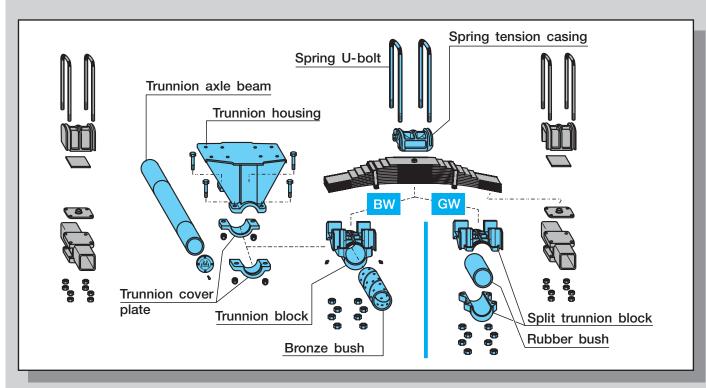
General

Trunnion axle beam

The trunnion axle consists of a thick-walled tube (or solid round stock if necessary) with two high mounting brackets bolted onto it using clamping brackets for attachment under the vehicle.

The leaf springs are enclosed by the bearing block in a U-shaped arrangement.





Trunnion axle - leaf spring connection

The leaf spring axle is connected to the trunnion axle beam using the **trunnion axle connection** comprising: spring U-bolts, spring housing, mounting brackets, etc.

The generously sized bronze bushes in the mounting brackets of **BW-units** ensure a low-maintenance, long-lasting mounting.

Grease nipples attached to the mounting brackets permit straightforward greasing of the bearing points on **BW-units**.

In **GW-units**, the bearing block is split and long-life rubber bushes permit an almost maintenance-free bearing to be achieved.

BW GW



Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing

Trunnion axle bearing

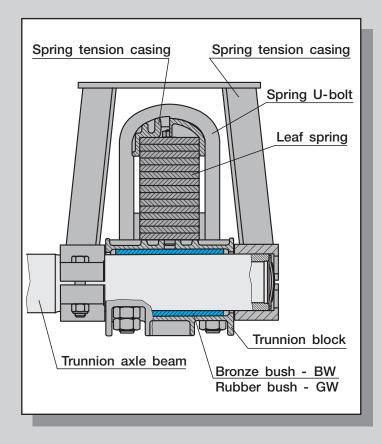
BW

The axle support bearing consists of bronze bushes equipped with lubrication holes and ducts as well as a one-piece bearing block.

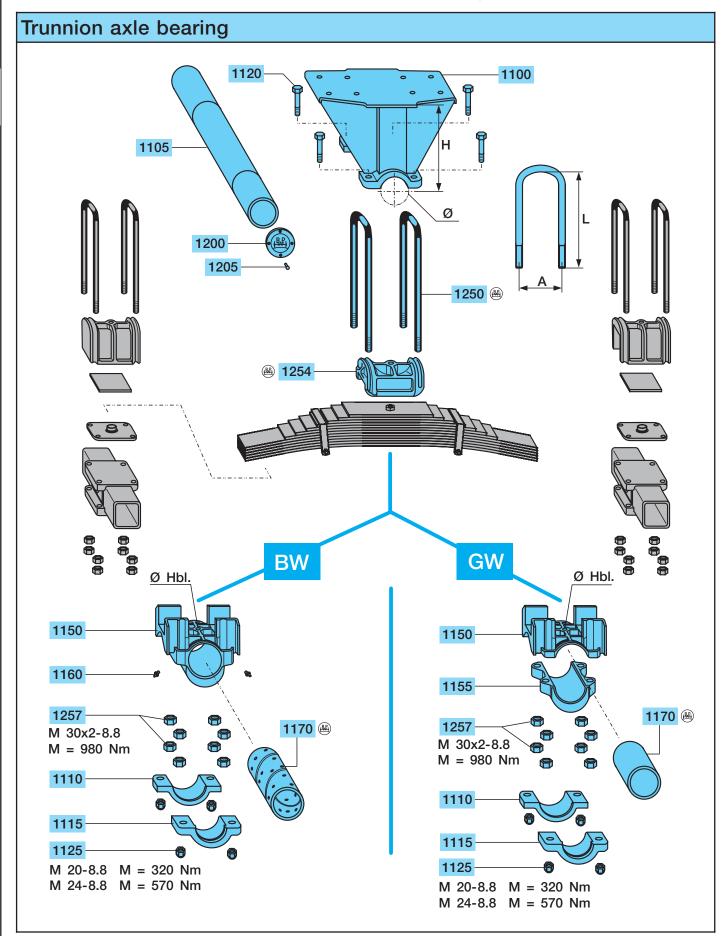
If necessary, the bronze bushes can be changed in a straightforward procedure.

GW

The axle support bearing consists of low-maintenance rubber bushes as well as a block split bearing block.



6.1 Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing





Trunnion axle beam, trunnion axle bearing

Item	Designation	Dimension	BPW Code no.		
			8 - 10 t	9 - 12 t	13 - 14 t
			□ 120 / Ø 127	□ 150	□ 150
1100	Trunnion housing	H = 370 / Ø 115	05.226.06.09.0		
		H = 410 / Ø 113		05.226.06.07.0	
		H = 460 / Ø 130			05.226.07.06.0
		H = 500 / Ø 130			05.226.07.05.0
1105	Trunnion axle beam			nnion axle beam plea nd BPW code-no. (na	
1110	Trunnion cover plate	Ø 115	03.22	7.04.14.0	
		Ø 130			03.227.05.06.0
1115	Trunnion cover plate	Ø 115	03.22	7.04.12.0	
		Ø 130			03.227.05.05.0
1120	Hexagon screw	M 20 x 110 / 931-8.8	02.50)23.12.80	
		M 24 x 110 / 931-8.8			02.5023.46.80
1125	Lock nut	VM 20 / 980-10	02.52	220.50.12	
		VM 24 / 980-10			02.5220.74.12
GW					
1150	Trunnion housing, upper	Ø 136	03.22	26.06.08.0	_
1155	Trunnion housing, lower	Ø 136		26.06.04.0	
1170	Bush	Ø 113 / 129 x 215	03.113.99.07.0		
1170	Bush	5 1107 120 X 210	00.11	0.00.07.0	
BW					
1150	Trunnion block	Ø 129 / Hbl. Ø 20	03.22	24.17.05.0	
		Ø 145 / Hbl. Ø 28			03.224.17.06.0
1160	Grease nipple	H 1 / S 10 x 1		02.6850.06.02	
1170	Bush	Ø 113 / 129 x 249	03.11	2.98.05.0	
		Ø 130 / 145 x 249			03.112.99.08.0
1200	Cover plate	Ø 109 / BPW		03.115.32.01.0	
1205	Drive pin	4 x 10 / 1476		02.6005.25.40	
1250	Spring U-bolt	M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 390	03.138.50.06.0		
		M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 410		03.138.50.10.0	
		M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 432		03.138.50.08.0	
		M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 465		03.138.50.09.0	
		M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 505			03.138.50.11.0
		M 30 x 2 / A 175 / L 550			03.138.50.12.0
1254	Spring tension casing		03.14	6.14.03.0	
					03.146.15.01.0
1257	Hexagon nut	M 30 / 934-8		02.5202.38.80	•

BPW Original spare parts • W / BW / GW suspensions

7 Lubrication and maintenance work

Lul	orication and maintenance work			_
		3 1 2	1 2 1	
Over	view Lubricate Maintenance	initially after 2 weeks	every 6 weeks	every 26 weeks (twice annually) ¹⁾
1	Greasing the trunnion axle (Not required with rubber bushes). Raise the vehicle to take the weight off the bearing points.	○ ¹⁾	<u></u> 1)	
2	Grease the spring housing. (Grease for the first time when the vehicle is taken into service!)	<u></u> 1)	<u></u> 1)	
-	Visual inspection Check all parts for damage and wear.			
3	Use a torque wrench to check the spring U-bolts on the trunnion axle are firmly tightened. M 30 x 2-8.8 M = 980 Nm M 36-8.8 M = 1555 Nm	1)		1)
4	Check that the mounting bolts on the bearing cups are firmly tightened. M 20-8.8 M = 320 Nm M 24-8.8 M = 570 Nm			
5	Use a torque wrench to check the spring U-bolts on the spring housings are firmly tightened. M 20-8.8 M = 320 Nm M 20-10.9 M = 450 Nm M 24-8.8 M = 570 Nm M 24-10.9 M = 700 Nm	1)		1)
¹⁾ un	der extreme conditions, with more frequency.	or information	along with insta	allation and

Further information, along with installation and safety instructions, can be found in our current workshop manuals.



Notes





